

APPLICANT TRAINING ICT & FET 30th January 2014, Head Office, Bern Writing a Good Proposal, Tips and Tricks

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4 «golden» rules

- Fit to topic (6)
- Consortium (4)
- Award criteria (4)
- Guide for applicants (4)

Tips & Tricks

- Impact (6)
- Strong Proposal (3)

Note : numbers in brackets = number of slides

Rule 1 : Fit to Challenge : Basic Rules

- The EU Commission has identified the problems
- You provide together with your international consortium of experts the best solution to the identified problem
- One can only submit a proposal to a challenge in an open call



Example : ICT 4 - 2015: ...low power computing

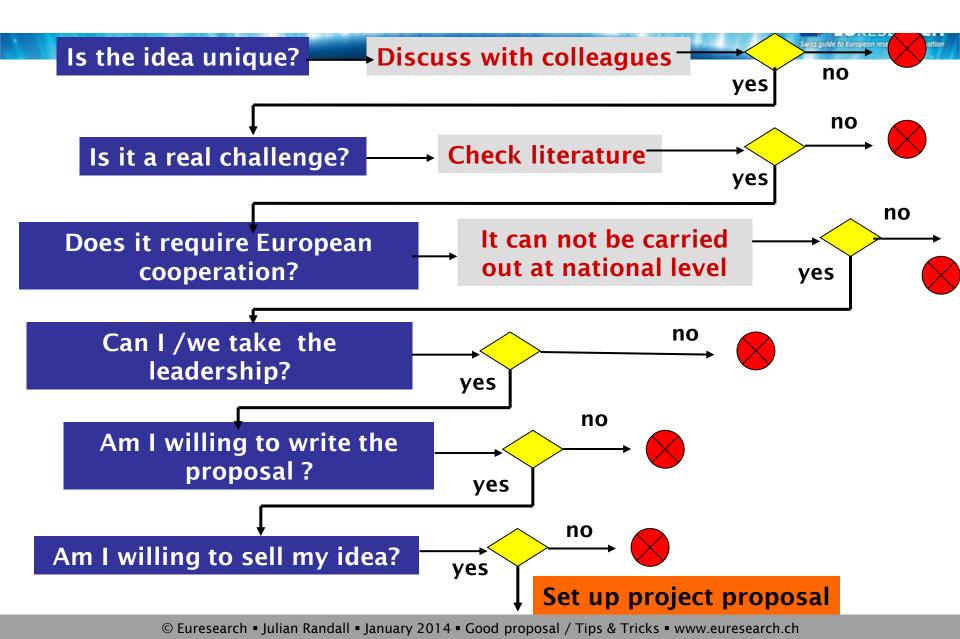
Specific Challenges: Trends, background, overall goals e.g. move towards low power computing, European competitivness

Scope: Research & Innovation, Innovation Action, Coordination and Support Action

Expected impact : Reduction of energy consumption of servers by 2 orders of magnitude as compared to state of the art in 2013.

The challenge, the whole challenge and nothing but the challenge

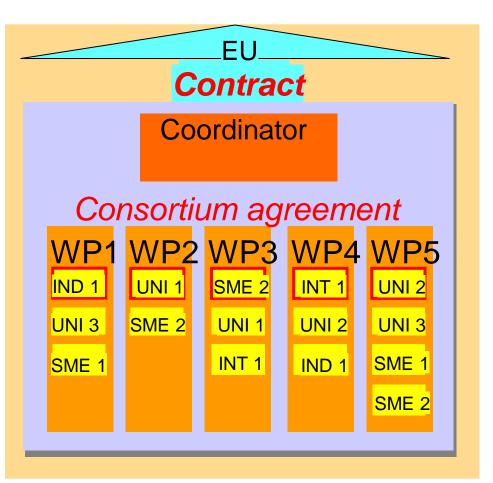
Key questions before planning a proposal



SET UP YOUR PROJECT PROPOSAL



At least 3 legal entities from 3 different EU MS/AC.



Question: Can I submit my project idea every year, just have to adapt it a little to the open call?

Rule 2 : Consortium

What is important when setting up a consortium?

Min. rule: 3 partners from different EU or AC
 Balanced consortium with complementary skills and as many as needed to carry out the work
 International/European approach must be evident
 Some partners should have past collaborations



Preconditions for a successful consortium

- Trust and respect between partners
- Common/compatible goals
- Clear definition of distribution of work
- Are all partners reliable?
 - Respect deadlines, provide information timely

Question: Does Switzerland count as an eligible partner?

Rule 3 : Award criteria

Eligibility criteria/exclusion check

For all proposals

- Date and time of receipt
- Min. of eligible, independent partners
- Completeness of proposal, presence of all requested forms

Award criteria

1. Excellence

- Ground-breaking nature (e.g. beyond the state-of-the-art, novel approach, addresses challenge..)
- Clarity of objectives, credibility of approach
- Sound concept; trans-disciplinarily considered, innovation potential...

2. Impact [...] extent to which project outputs contribute to:

- The expected impacts listed in the work programme under the relevant topic;
- Enhancing innovation capacity and integration of new knowledge;
- Strengthening competiveness & growth..; environmental & socially important impacts
- Effectiveness of the proposed measures to communicate the project, disseminate and/or exploit the project results, and appropriate management of IPR.

3. Quality and efficiency of implementation

- Effectiveness of the work plan, including appropriateness of the allocation of tasks and resources;
- Competences, experience and complementarity of the individual participants, as well as of the consortium as a whole;
- Appropriateness of the management structures and procedures, including risk management.
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Question: the criteria that weighs most is the scientific excellence?

Rule 4: guide for applicants/proposal template

Structure of a proposal

1. Part

- Official forms (A1,A2,A3)
- Partner's details
- Proposal summary
- Costs

Structure of a proposal (Proposal template i.e. Technical Annex) **2. Part**

- Cover page
- Excellence (Objectives, relation to WP, concept & approach, ambition (innovation potential)
- Impact (expected impacts, measures to max. impact, dissamination & exploitation, communication activities)
- Implementation (Work packages, deliverables, milestones, management structure, risks, consortium as a whole, resources to be committed)
- Ethical & security aspects

Question: Is the proposal being evaluated in regards to its innovation potential?

Tips & Tricks

- Impact Section (mostly)
- Strong proposal

Impact

Expected impacts

What are "potential areas and markets & end users"?

- Specific customer/groups (user associations, elderly patients etc.)
- End users
- Increase competitiveness or growth of specific companies?
- Any socially important impacts?

Expected impacts

What are "potential advantages of the resulting technology/ solution"?

- Advantage of your solution = product, technology or service
- Compare your solution with other available products
- Focus on the benefit of the user
- <u>Use</u>: Is the solution easier to use, more convenient?
- <u>Price</u>: Is the solution cheaper?
- <u>Life time</u>: is the solution longer lasting than solutions already available?
- Which groups can (directly or indirectly) benefit from your solution, e.g.:Societal groups, Policy makers, etc.

Impact

- Dissemination and/or exploitation of project results, and management of intellectual property
- Provide a plan for the dissemination and exploitation of the project results. The plan should address the full range of potential users inc. Research, commercial, investement, social, environmental, policy making, setting standard & educational training.
- Include a business plan where relevant.
 Describe the measures to increase the likelihood of market uptake of project results.
- Outline the strategy of knowledge management and protection. Incl. Measures to provide an open access.

What evaluators look for

- You fully answer to the challenge in the call
- Clear aims (motivation and hypothesis)
- Realistic objectives
- What is the current knowledge in the particular field (state-of-the-art)
- Who are the users and how will they benefit?
- Clear methodology
- Appropriate and relevant partners with necessary skills

What evaluators look for in Impact

- What is the added value of this project/how is it better than other proposals?
- What is the advantage of an EU approach?
- Impacts: Research, commercial, investment, social, environmental, policy making & educational (how will the outputs i.e. deliverables translate to impact)

Question: If SMEs are involved in the project, the impact for each SME and how to exploit its results does not need to be described?

What makes a strong proposal (1/2)

- An executive summary/abstract
- Ensure your proposed work meets the challenge addressed by the call
- Follow exactly the structure given in the guide for applicants
- Be as concise and precise as possible
- The consortium of partners must be excellent and appropriate for the tasks
- Do not overcrowd objectives and show how you achieve them
- Outline methods as well as collection, handling and number of patient and control samples

What makes a strong proposal (2/2)

- Ensure qualitative & quantitative deliverables
- Propose solutions to overcome potential risks and conflicts
- Describe the exploitation plan in detail and convincingly
- Nominate an Advisory Board for ethical and regulatory issues
- Give attention to ethical issues
- Address all 3 award criteria
- Help evaluators to find the answers to the evaluation criteria (incl. ref to other chapters)
- Respect the page limits and keep it concise



When reading your proposal, ask yourself:

- What problem are you trying to solve? (challenge in call = defined problem and your project is the solution)
- Is it a European problem?
 (can not be carried out at national level)
- Why you? Are you the best people to do this work?
- Why this project now?

